## **Application consideration**

## APS0008: iPS-L1

Please keep in mind the following points:

## For thawing cells;

- •Please make sure to count the number of cells after thawing, and then start cultivating the cells by diluting them to the recommended cell density (0.5-3.0×10<sup>5</sup> cells/100mm dish or 1.0-5.0×10<sup>4</sup> cells/60mm dish).
- Since the cell proliferation declines right after thawing, 4 to 5 days are required for subculturing the cells.
- •Please subculture the cells after you see a colony as one shown in the morphological photo below (Fig.1-C).

## For subculturing cells;

- •Please make sure to count the number of cells, and then start cultivating the cells by diluting them to the recommended cell density for subculture (1.0-3.0x10<sup>4</sup> cells/100mm dish or 0.5-1.0x10<sup>4</sup> cells/60mm dish).
- •For washing the cells during subculturing, please use DMEM/F12 medium that does not contain KnockOut Serum Replacement (KSR).
- •For detaching the cells during subculturing, please use 0.1% trypsin diluted with DMEM/F12 medium that does not contain KSR.
- •For subculturing cells, they should be dispersed into single cells.

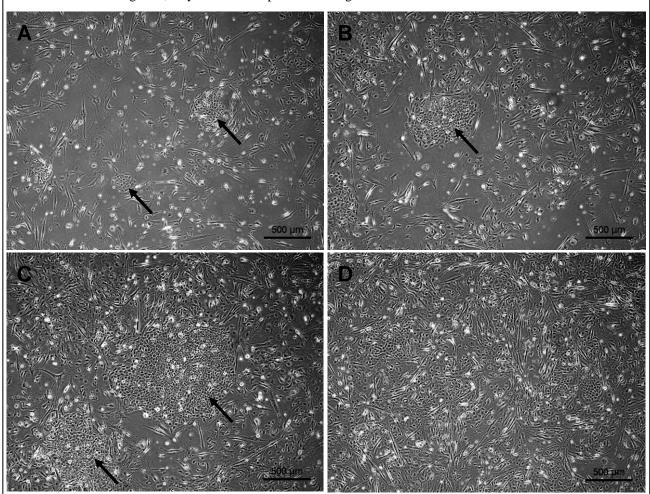


Fig. 1 The proliferation of rabbit iPS cells are shown above (3-5 days after thawing, 3.0×10<sup>5</sup> cells/100mm dish). (A-C) The colonies of rabbit iPS cells with indistinct boundaries (as shown in arrows A: Day 3, B: Day 4, C: Day 5). (D) If the cells are plated at too high cell density (5.0×10<sup>5</sup> cells/100mm dish), it reduces cell proliferation since the cells become overcrowded before forming their colonies (5 days after thawing).

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